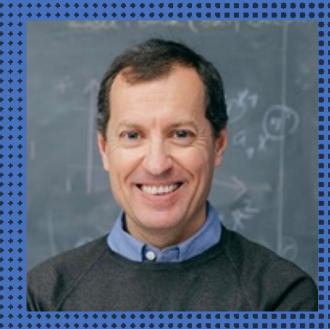
# COBE: Contextualized Object Embeddings from Narrated Instructional Video

#### FACEBOOK Al



Gedas Bertasius



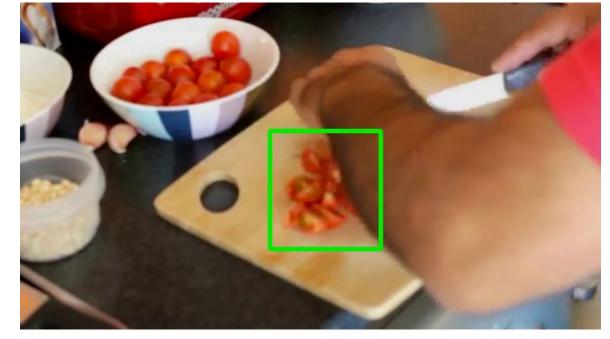
Lorenzo Torresani

# Motivation

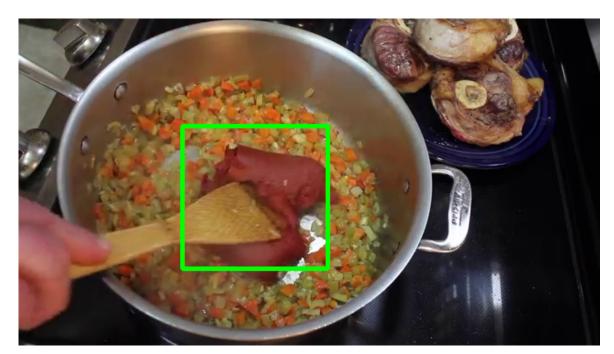
Many objects in the real-world exhibit dramatic variations in their appearance.



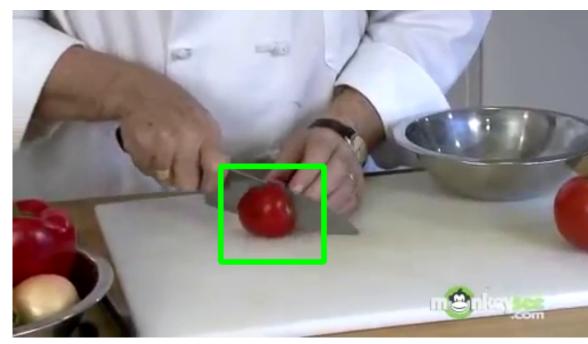
chopped tomatoes



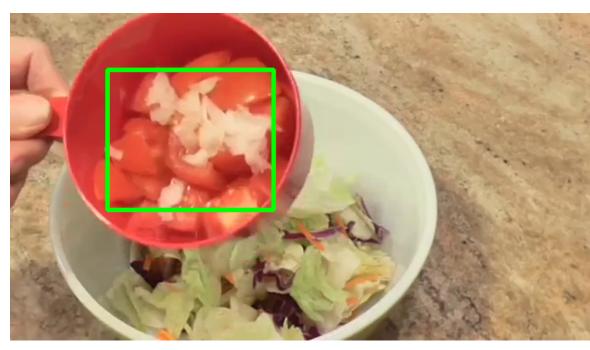
halved tomatoes



tomato paste



cutting a tomato



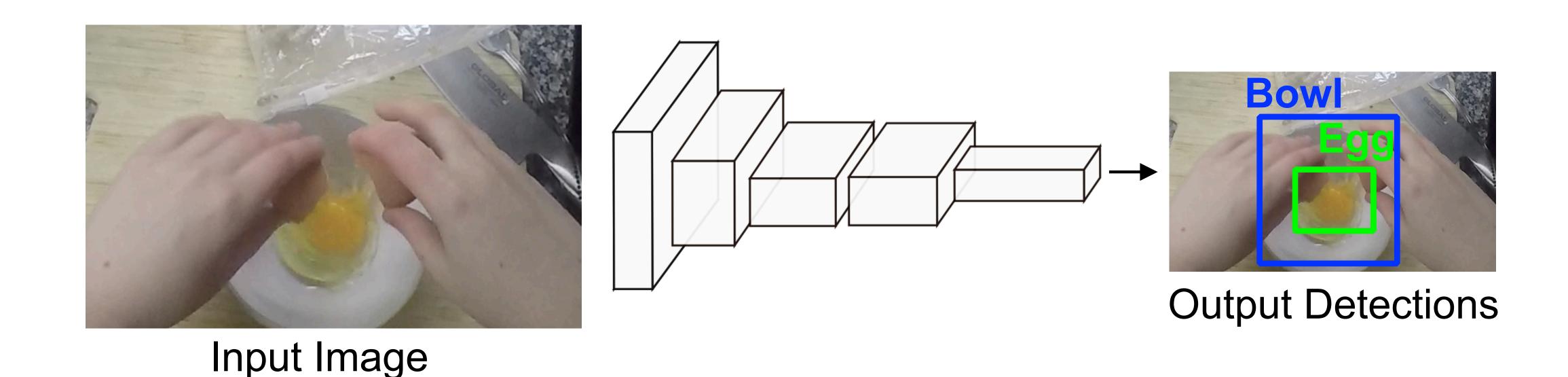
tomatoes & onions



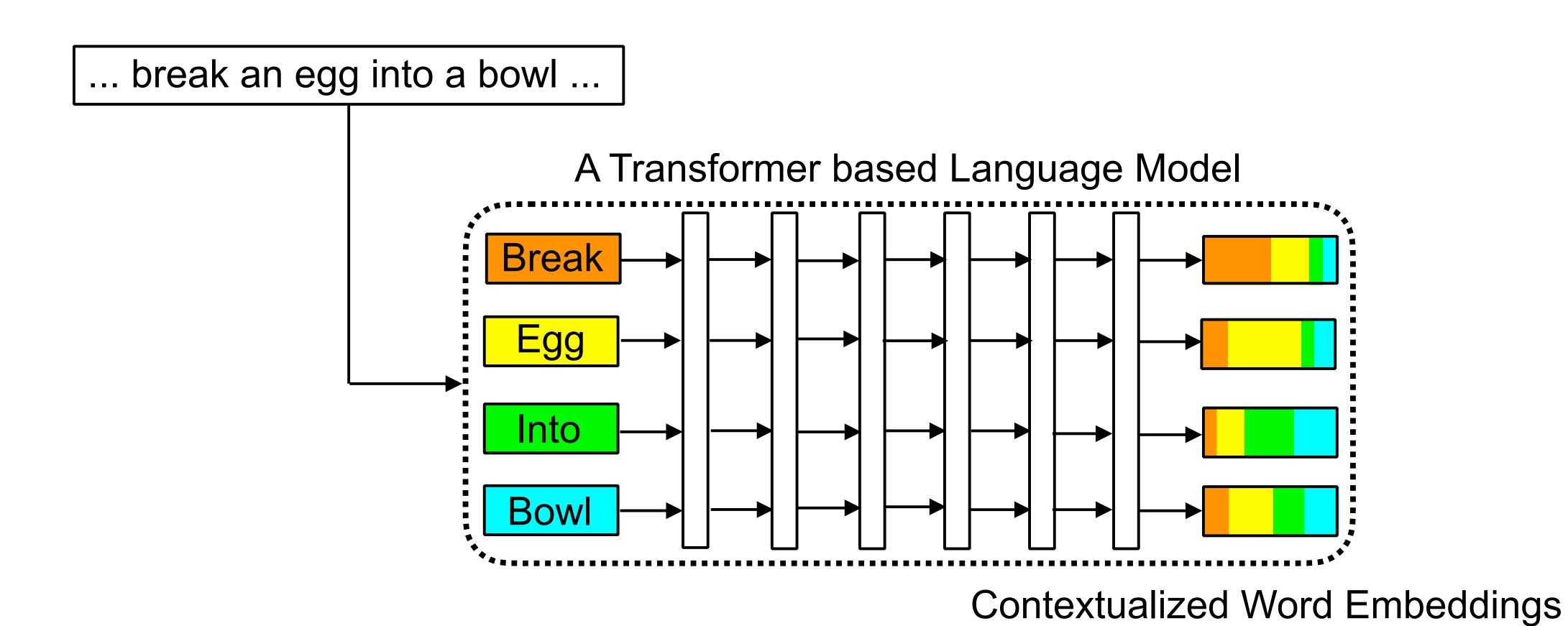
tomato sauce

# Motivation

 Most visual models are trained to detect objects at a very coarse level, with label spaces typically expressed in terms of nouns.

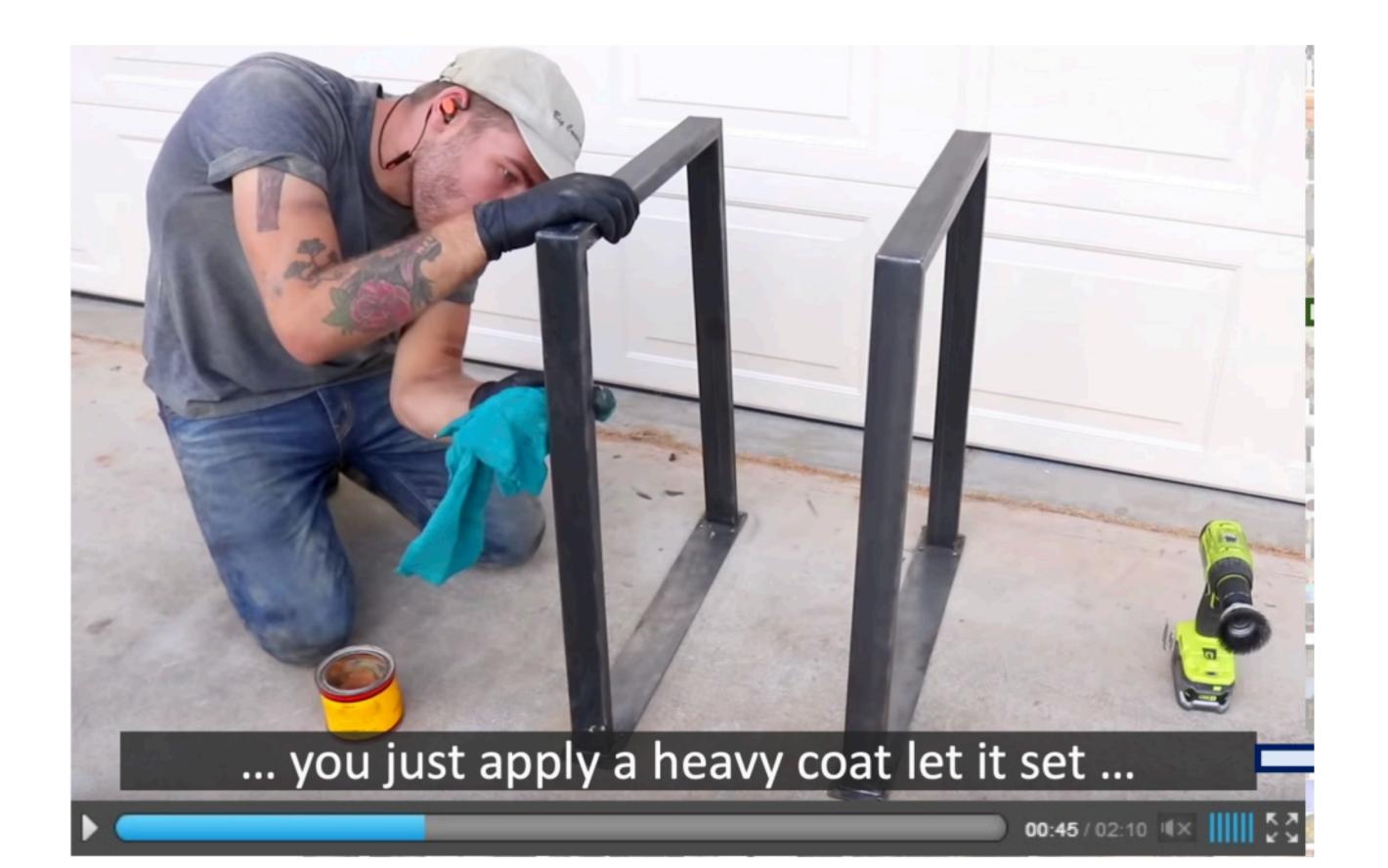


# Contextualized Word Embeddings

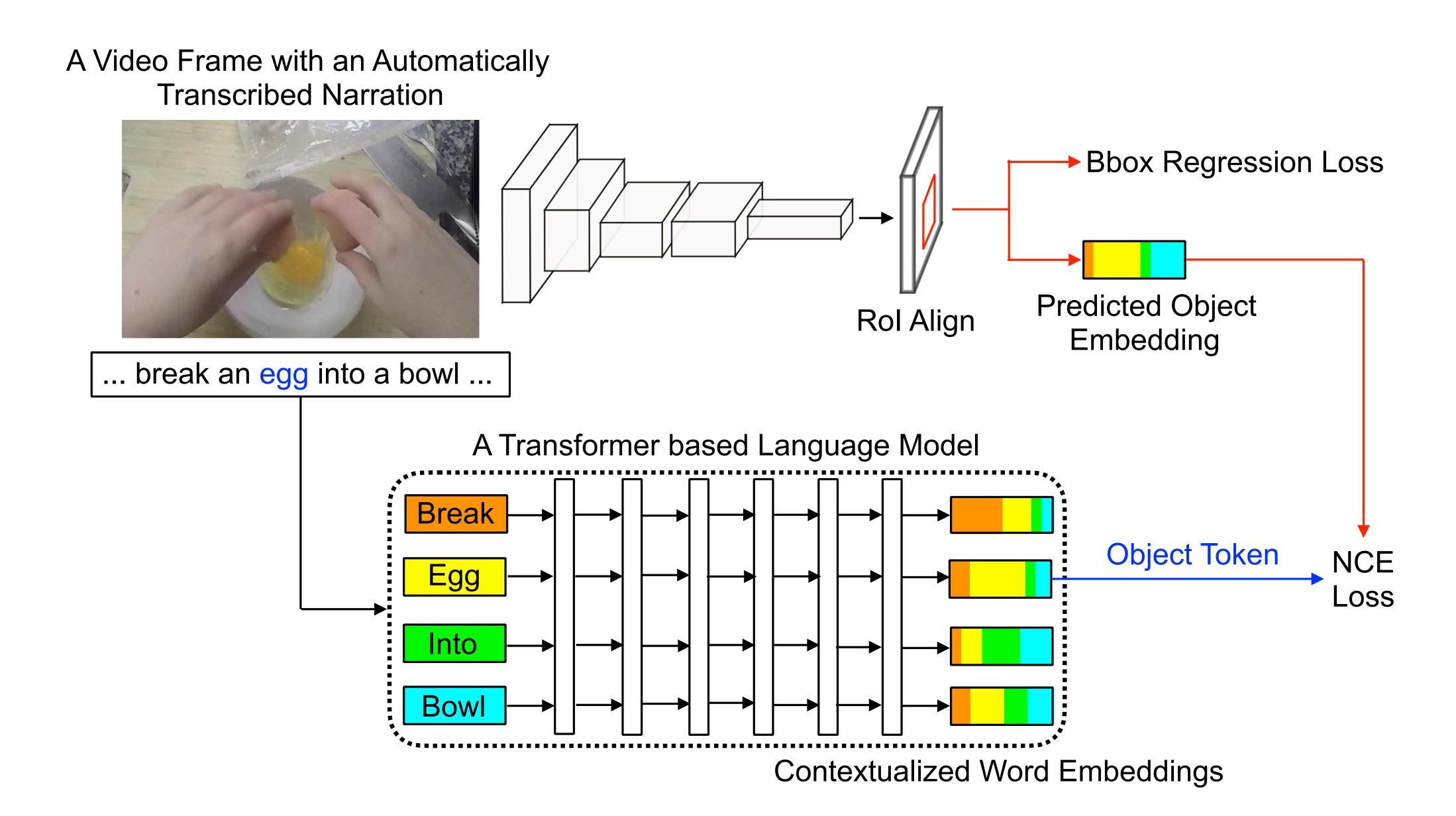


# Dataset

 We leverage the recently introduced HowTo100M dataset which includes over 100M clips sourced from narrated instructional Web videos.



# Contextualized Object Embeddings (COBE)



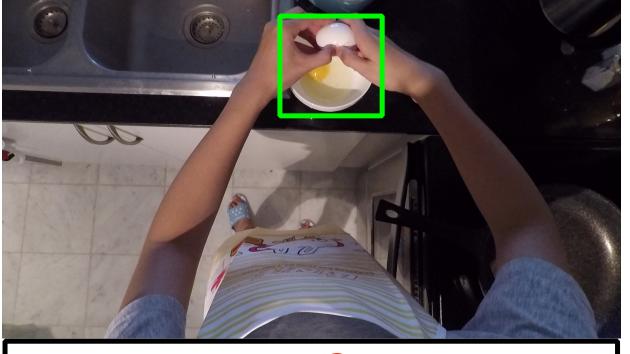
# Results

#### **Object-To-Text Retrieval:**

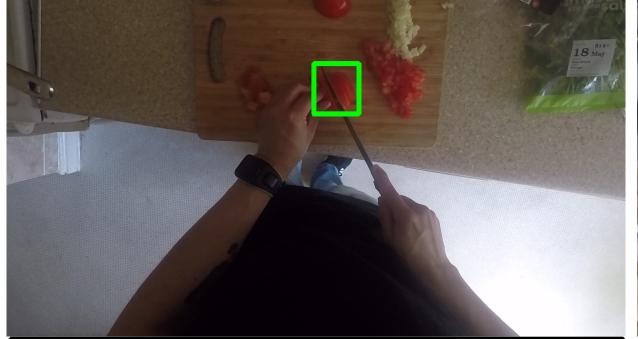
• Given a visual query, we retrieve most similar (object, context) text pairs in the space of a contextual language model.



Object:	Context:
onion	chopped
pan	onions
pan	medium
pan	sauté
onion	sauté



Objec	ct: Context:	
bow	l egg	
egg	whites	
egg	crack	
egg	bowl	
egg	yolk	



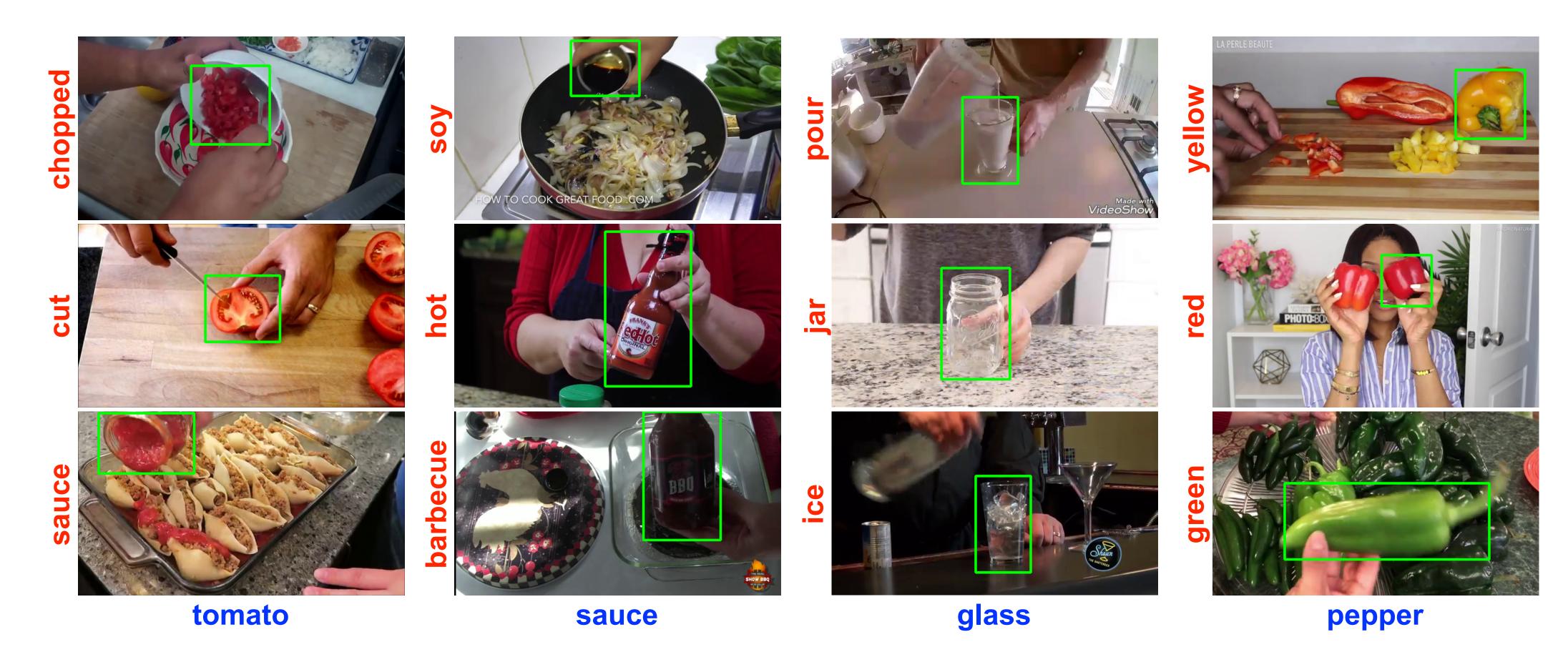


<b>Object:</b>	Context:	
pan	oil	
oil	pan	
pan	stick	
oil	olive	
pan	pour	

# Results

#### Text-To-Object Retrieval:

• Given a text query of the form (object, context), we retrieve most similar object instances in the space defined by the contextual language model.



# Results

#### Visual Object Analogies:

 We can leverage our learned contextualized object embeddings to combine different visual concepts via simple vector arithmetic.



### Conclusions

 In contrast to prior work, which focuses on noun-centric object detection, we present a framework for learning object detectors that generalize to novel object states.

# Conclusions

- In contrast to prior work, which focuses on noun-centric object detection, we present a framework for learning object detectors that generalize to novel object states.
- Our framework does not require manually labeled text descriptions but instead leverages automatically transcribed narrations of instructional videos.

# Conclusions

- In contrast to prior work, which focuses on noun-centric object detection, we present a framework for learning object detectors that generalize to novel object states.
- Our framework does not require manually labeled text descriptions but instead leverages automatically transcribed narrations of instructional videos.

Our model is effective in the scenarios of zero-shot and few-shot learning.